## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

#### SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2049

Chapter 344, Laws of 2007

60th Legislature 2007 Regular Session

#### PUGET SOUND--MARINE RESOURCES COMMITTEES

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/22/07

Passed by the House April 14, 2007 Yeas 94 Nays 0

#### FRANK CHOPP

## Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 5, 2007 Yeas 48 Nays 0

#### CERTIFICATE

I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2049** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

### RICHARD NAFZIGER

#### BRAD OWEN

Chief Clerk

### President of the Senate

Approved May 7, 2007, 9:56 a.m.

FILED

May 8, 2007

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

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### SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2049

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2007 Regular Session

State of Washington

60th Legislature

2007 Regular Session

By House Committee on Select Committee on Puget Sound (originally sponsored by Representatives Rolfes, Strow, Appleton, Hunt, Springer, McDermott, VanDeWege, Seaquist, McCoy, Eickmeyer and Lantz)

READ FIRST TIME 02/22/07.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to Puget Sound marine resource committees; and
- 2 adding a new chapter to Title 36 RCW.

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- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds the challenge of 4 5 developing realistic, effective, and efficient solutions to the conservation and management issues facing Puget Sound and Washington's 6 7 outer coast requires calling on all available sources of knowledge and 8 creative thinking available in the collective wisdom of Washington's 9 The legislature further finds that both Puget Sound and the outer coast are dynamic and localized waterbodies with unique local 10 challenges and unique local solutions. As such, it is essential for 11 12 the future management of these ecosystems that citizens, through their 13 local government, have a voice and an opportunity to share their dedication and interest in the well-being of their community's unique 14 15 marine waters, while providing a valuable contribution to the statewide 16 efforts aimed at restoring the outer coast and Puget Sound as a whole.
  - (2) The legislature further finds that federally led efforts to establish marine resources committees have proven to be an exciting vehicle for involving local citizens and community leaders in the

- future discussions, decisions, and restoration commitments in the waters most important to the community. The existing model of using a community-based, nonregulatory organization to examine particular to a community's corner of Puget Sound, applying for grants, and thoroughly and fairly investigating available options and solutions has proved to be a valuable asset to Puget Sound and its communities, and is worthy of replication throughout the Puget Sound basin and the outer coast.
  - (3) In this chapter, the legislature intends to establish a structure on which interested local communities can harness the dedication, creativity, and wisdom of their residents in the form of marine resources committees. These committees are intended to complement, and not compete with or undermine, any other governmental efforts to restore and manage the Puget Sound. The legislature further intends that the department of fish and wildlife should apply the lessons learned from Puget Sound to work with county governments on the outer coast to establish marine resources committees.
  - NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1)(a) The legislative authority for each county that borders the marine waters of southern Puget Sound may establish marine resources committees consistent with the procedures outlined in section 3 of this act. Counties authorized to establish marine resources committees in the southern Puget Sound are: King, Pierce, Thurston, Kitsap, and Mason counties.
  - (b) The legislative authority for each county bordering the marine waters of the outer coast may develop a marine resources committee consistent with the procedures outlined in section 3 of this act. Counties authorized to establish marine resources committees on the outer coast are: Pacific, Grays Harbor, and Wahkiakum counties.
  - (c) Jefferson and Clallam counties may establish a new marine resources committee or a subcommittee of the county's existing marine resources committee, consistent with the procedures outlined in section 3 of this act, specifically to address the marine ecosystems for the outer coast or Puget Sound, where appropriate.
  - (2) The mission of a marine resources committee created under this section is to address, utilizing sound science, the needs of the marine ecosystem local to the county initiating the marine resources committee.

- 1 (3) A marine resources committee created under this section should 2 review current data and resource conservation and management programs 3 and make prioritized recommendations for additional measures that might 4 be necessary to enhance protection of marine resources.
  - (4) The role of a marine resources committee in developing recommendations includes, but is not limited to:

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- (a) Utilizing existing data and, to the extent necessary, helping to gather new data on the health of local marine resources;
- (b) Making scientifically based recommendations on local candidate sites for marine protected areas;
- (c) Working closely with local and state officials to help implement recommendations of the marine resources committee;
- (d) Promoting public outreach and education around marine resource conservation and management issues; and
- 15 (e) Engaging in any other activities that the initiating county 16 deems appropriate.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) A marine resources committee, as described in section 2 of this act, may be created by the legislative authority of any county bordering the marine waters of the outer coast or Puget Sound, in cooperation with all appropriate cities and special districts within their boundaries. Adjacent county legislative authorities shall coordinate their efforts whenever there is a mutual interest in creating a marine resources committee.
  - (2) A county may delegate the management and oversight of a marine resources committee created by the county under section 2 of this act to a city, or cities, within its jurisdiction, if the city or cities are located on the marine waters of the outer coast or southern Puget Sound and are willing to accept the delegation.
  - (3) Participating county legislative authorities must select members of the marine resources committee, ensuring balanced representation from: Local government; scientific experts; affected economic interests; affected recreational interests; and environmental and conservation interests. Additionally, participating county legislative authorities must invite tribal representatives to participate in the marine resources committee. An initiating county may delegate its appointment authority to a city or cities that have

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- received from the county the delegated responsibilities of managing and overseeing the marine resources committee.
  - (4) County residents may petition the county legislative authority to create a marine resources committee. Upon receipt of a petition, the county legislative authority must respond in writing within sixty days as to whether they will authorize the creation of a marine resources committee as well as the reasons for their decision.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) The Puget Sound action team, or its successor organization, shall serve as the regional coordinating entity for marine resources committees created in the southern Puget Sound and the department of fish and wildlife shall serve as the regional coordinating entity for marine resources committees created for the outer coast.
- 14 (2) The regional coordinating entity shall serve as a resource to, 15 at a minimum:
- 16 (a) Coordinate and pool grant applications and other funding 17 requests for marine resources committees;
- 18 (b) Coordinate communications and information among marine 19 resources committees;
- 20 (c) Assist marine resources committees to measure themselves 21 against regional performance benchmarks;
- 22 (d) Assist marine resources committees with coordinating local 23 projects to complement regional priorities;
- (e) Assist marine resources committees to interact with and complement other marine resources committees, and other similar groups, constituted under a different authority; and
- 27 (f) Coordinate with the Northwest Straits commission on issues 28 common to marine resources committees statewide.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Nothing in section 2 or 3 of this act is intended to expand or limit the authority of local marine resources committees established under the Northwest Straits marine conservation initiative by federal act in San Juan, Whatcom, Skagit, Island, Snohomish, Clallam, and Jefferson counties and existing as of the effective date of this section.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Outer coast marine resources committees, in 1 2 conjunction with their regional coordinating entity, shall meet and consult with key state, federal, local, and tribal governments, and 3 private interest groups to develop a collaborative process to address 4 ocean policy issues. This collaborative process should use 5 Washington's "Ocean Action Plan: Enhancing Management of Washington 6 7 State's Ocean and Outer Coasts" developed by the Washington ocean policy work group as a guide to begin the work of developing and 8 coordinating state and local ocean policy and providing better 9 management of Washington's coastal areas. 10

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. Sections 1 through 6 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 36 RCW.

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Passed by the House April 14, 2007.
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